"Do you realize how much you should thank God for His blessings? If you should thank Him a thousand times with each breath, it would not be sufficient . . ." — 'Abdu'l-Bahá E'M THANKFUL FOR FRESH AIR AND OUR INCREDIBLE LUNGS!

EVERY BREATH YOU TAKE

ake a deep breath. Do you know what amazing things are happening in your lungs? It's incredible! When you breathe in, air comes through your **trachea**, or windpipe, and fills each lung. Then the air goes into thousands of little tubes called **bronchioles**. Each is about the thickness of a single *hair*! From there, air flows into tiny air sacs called **alveoli**—there are about 480 million of them! The alveoli let oxygen pass into your blood. Then it goes to your heart and the other muscles in your body. And that's just *one* breath—kids take over 34,000 breaths a day!

I'm thankful for all the work our lungs and heart do to help keep us healthy. If you want to learn more about how *yours* work, try this cool activity. Then you can relax and take a breather!

BREATHE IN, BREATHE OUT

Try this activity on your own or with family and friends to explore how your breath powers your body.

- Sitting calmly, find your pulse by placing two fingers on the inside of your wrist. Count the beats for 15 seconds. Multiply to get your heart rate per minute.
 - ____ beats x 4 = ____ beats per minute
- Still sitting, count how many breaths you take in 15 seconds. Multiply for your breaths per minute.
 - ____ breaths x 4 = breaths per minute

- What do you think your heart and breathing rates will be after exercise?
- 4. Spend four minutes exercising. Run around, dance, do jumping jacks—anything that gets you moving quickly.
- 5. After those four minutes, check heart and breathing rates again.
 - _____ beats x 4 =
 - _____ beats per minute
 - ____ breaths x 4 =
 - _____ breaths per minute
- 6. Rest for two minutes, then record your heart and breathing rates again.
 Check every two minutes until you return to your resting rates. How long does it take?

HOW IT WORKS

When we exercise, our breathing and heart rates speed up. This brings more oxygen through our lungs, into our blood, across a vast network of blood vessels, and into our busy muscles to keep them moving. What a cool and efficient system, huh? Did you know that car engines need oxygen to run, too?